Your FAFSA indicated that your citizenship is not confirmed. Please provide your citizenship documentation to your financial aid counselor. A social security card and/or driver's license isn’t acceptable for documenting citizenship or national status.

A student must be one of the following to be eligible to receive federal student aid:

- A U.S. citizen or national;
- A U.S. permanent resident or other eligible noncitizen;
- A citizen of the Freely Associated State: the Federated States of Micronesia and the Republics of Palau and the Marshall Islands. These students can only receive aid from some of the Federal Student Aid programs.

If a parent wants to take out a PLUS loan for a dependent undergraduate student, both the parent and the student must be U.S. citizens or nationals or eligible noncitizens.

U.S. Citizenship Documentation:

- A copy of your birth certificate showing you were born in the U.S., including Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Swains Island or the Northern Mariana Islands.
- A U.S. Passport, current or expired, excluding a limited passport.
- A copy of Form FS-545 (Certificate of birth issued by a Foreign Service post).
- A copy of DS-1350 (Certification of Report of Birth).
- A Certificate of Naturalization (N-550 or N-570) issued by USCIS.

Eligible Noncitizens Documentation, includes, but not limited to: (Original Documents, please)

- Permanent Resident Card (Form I-551 since 1997).
- Resident Alien Card (Form I-551 before 1997).
- Arrival/Departure Record (CBP Form I-94) with the endorsement “Processed for I-551”.
- Departure Record (Form I-94A) with the endorsement “Processed for I-551”.
- Refugees may have Form I-94 or I-94A with a stamp showing admission.
- Individuals granted asylum will have an I-94 or I-94A with a stamp showing admission.

Ineligible Statuses

- Person’s with nonimmigrant visas, including work visas, student, visitors and foreign government officials are not eligible for FSA with a Form I-94 with the proper endorsements.
- Family unity status individuals.
- Temporary residents.
- Illegal aliens under the legalization (amnesty) program.
- Students with “Temporary Protected Status” stamped on their I-94.